Deutsche Bank Markets Research



Asia China

Automobiles & **Components**





Exchange Ticker HKG 1114

ISIN US1094902049

Strong FY14; outlook still decent w/ new models in FY15E and beyond

Reuters

BCAUY

1114.HK

ADR Ticker

Lower 2H14 margin not surprising; new models and engine plant will help Brilliance's 60% FY14 net profit YoY growth and the 7.3ppt BMW JV 2H14 HoH net profit margin erosion are slightly better than our expectations, considering Brilliance's cautious guidance at the 1H14 results briefing. For FY15-16E, we remain optimistic on Brilliance BMW's growth prospects due to its two to three new model launches, which will drive sales, and due to the opening of the engine manufacturing plant, which should lower costs; maintaining Buy.

2H14 margin squeeze on R&D and marketing, but FY14 margin still improves

Brilliance recorded FY14 net profit of RMB5.4bn (up 60% YoY). A decline in minibus sales volume and mix deterioration led to a 42% YoY widening of the consolidated business operating loss to RMB320.1m. Meanwhile, Brilliance BMW JV recorded 61% FY14 net profit growth YoY on a 35% volume increase and a 2.3ppt YoY net profit margin improvement on enhancing economies of scale. On a HoH basis, the JV reported a 7.3ppt net profit margin decline, as Brilliance BMW booked greater R&D and marketing expenses in 2H.

New models to drive sales; new engine plant to enhance localization

Despite a lack of new models, Brilliance BMW JV delivered 14% YoY growth in January-February wholesale volume. For FY15-16E, we remain optimistic that the addition of production of the 2-series Active Tourer in 2H15E, the new generation X1 SUV, and maybe one extra new model in FY16E (1-series sedan) will enlarge the JV's customer base and allow it to sustain high-teen volume growth. From a margin perspective, we believe the increasing component localization, especially in FY16E with the new engine plant, and the EUR depreciation, will help Brilliance mitigate the margin pressure due to the sales mix downshift and possible R&D expenses on new product localization.

Premium P/E-based target price justified by strong FY15-17E growth; risks

We raise our FY15-16 forecasts to factor in higher margins for the BMW JV. With a 13% FY14-17E three-year EPS CAGR, we still value the stock at a premium 11.5x FY15E P/E; the implied P/E-to-growth ratio of 0.9x does not look demanding. Downside risk: luxury car sales slowdown in China.

Forecasts And Ratios					
Year End Dec 31	2013A	2014A	2015E	2016E	2017E
Sales (CNYm)	6,103.5	5,514.8	6,307.0	6,860.2	7,390.4
Reported NPAT (CNYm)	3,374.2	5,403.4	6,029.6	6,848.9	7,854.6
DB EPS FD (CNY)	0.67	1.07	1.19	1.35	1.55
OLD DB EPS FD (CNY)	0.67	0.97	1.11	1.27	-
% Change	0.0%	10.4%	6.9%	6.2%	-
DB EPS growth (%)	46.6	60.1	10.9	13.6	14.7
PER (x)	12.8	9.6	9.6	8.5	7.4
Yield (net) (%)	0.9	0.8	1.3	1.4	1.6
Source: Deutsche Bank estimates, company data					

¹ DB EPS is fully diluted and excludes non-recurring items

² Multiples and yields calculations use average historical prices for past years and spot prices for current and future years, except P/B which u the year end close

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Date 27 March 2015 **Forecast Change**

Price at 26 Mar 2015 (HKD)	14.24
Price target - 12mth (HKD)	17.20
52-week range (HKD)	16.06 - 10.42
HANG SENG INDEX	24,497

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Price target	16.30 to 17.20	1	5.5%
Sales (FYE)	6,357 to 6,307	Ļ	-0.8%
Op prof margin (FYE)	-5.8 to -4.9	Î	-16.8%
Net profit (FYE)	5,640.9 to 6,029.6	Î	6.9%
Source: Deutsche Bank	r		

Price/price relative





27 March 2015 Automobiles & Components **Brilliance China**

14

15E

16E

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17E



Model updated:26 March	n 2015	Fiscal year end 31-Dec	2012	2013	2014	2015E	2016E	2017E
Running the numbers		Financial Summary						
Asia		DB EPS (CNY)	0.46	0.67	1.07	1.19	1.35	1.55
China		Reported EPS (CNY) DPS (CNY)	0.46 0.00	0.67 0.08	1.07 0.09	1.19 0.14	1.35 0.16	1.55 0.19
Automobiles & Compo	onents	BVPS (CNY)	2.0	2.6	3.4	4.4	5.6	7.0
Brilliance China		Weighted average shares (m)	5,024	5,026	5,026	5,026	5,026	5,026
1		Average market cap (CNYm) Enterprise value (CNYm)	33,450 26,043	42,860 32,702	51,579 37,571	57,346 38,271	57,346 32,527	57,346 25,901
Reuters: 1114.HK	Bloomberg: 1114 HK	Valuation Metrics						
Buy		P/E (DB) (x)	14.6	12.8	9.6	9.6	8.5	7.4 7.4
Price (26 Mar 15)	HKD 14.24	P/E (Reported) (x) P/BV (x)	14.6 3.89	12.8 3.87	9.6 2.94	9.6 2.58	8.5 2.03	1.63
Target Price	HKD 17.20	FCF Yield (%)	nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	nm
52 Week range	HKD 10.42 - 16.06	Dividend Yield (%)	0.0	0.9	0.8	1.3	1.4	1.6
Market Cap (m)	HKDm 71,567	EV/Sales (x) EV/EBITDA (x)	4.4 654.1	5.4 nm	6.8 nm	6.1 nm	4.7 nm	3.5 nm
Market Cap (III)		EV/EBIT (x)	nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	nm
	USDm 9,229	Income Statement (CNYm)						
Company Profile		Sales revenue	5,916	6,103	5,515	6,307	6,860	7,390
	Holdings Limited, through its anufactures and distributes	Gross profit	836	826	702	752	847	940
minibuses and sedans in the	e People's Republic of China.	EBITDA Depreciation	40 101	-38 102	-119 110	-154 122	-132 128	-107 130
The company also manufac components.	tures and trades automotive	Amortisation	39	37	30	31	33	34
components.		EBIT Net interest income(expense)	-100 -100	-177 -92	-259 -103	-307 -126	-293 -146	-271 -166
		Associates/affiliates	2,526	3,641	5,766	6,364	7,189	8,193
		Exceptionals/extraordinaries Other pre-tax income/(expense)	-31 0	-48 0	-61 0	0 0	0	0
		Profit before tax	2,295	3,325	5,343	5,932	6,750	7,756
Price Performance		Income tax expense Minorities	58 -64	8 -58	43 -103	11 -109	11 -110	11 -110
18		Other post-tax income/(expense)	0	0	0	0	0	0
16	Muss and Manager B	Net profit	2,301	3,374	5,403	6,030	6,849	7,855
		DB adjustments (including dilution) DB Net profit	0 2,301	0 3,374	0 5,403	0 6,030	0 6,849	0 7,855
		Cash Flow (CNYm)	2,001	0,07 1	0,100	0,000	0,010	,,
Na, m. cas Dec Na, m. ca	13 13 14 14 14 14 14	Cash flow from operations	-2	-154	211	-182	-233	-234
Brilliance		Net Capex	-465	-586	-500	-500	-500	-500
HANG SE	ENG INDEX (Rebased)	Free cash flow Equity raised/(bought back)	-467 5	-740 0	-289 -1,050	-682 0	-733 0	-734 0
Margin Trends		Dividends paid	0	-394	-437	-724	-822	-943
2		Net inc/(dec) in borrowings Other investing/financing cash flows	27 685	151 1,050	459 1,308	334 1,524	297 1,726	282 1,974
0		Net cash flow	251	67	-10	452	469	579
-2		Change in working capital	236	-2	537	108	57	49
-3		Balance Sheet (CNYm)						
-6 L		Cash and other liquid assets Tangible fixed assets	837 1,808	903 1,747	1,179 2,020	1,631 2,398	2,099 2,769	2,679 3,140
12 13 14	15E 16E 17E	Goodwill/intangible assets	362	670	996	2,338 965	932	898
EBITDA Margin	n — — EBIT Margin	Associates/investments	8,583	11,263	15,194	20,034	25,497	31,716
Growth & Profitability		Other assets Total assets	4,468 16,058	4,407 18,990	3,819 23,207	4,268 29,296	4,601 35,898	4,925 43,356
20	40	Interest bearing debt	2,829	2,883	3,342	3,676	3,973	4,255
20	- 30	Other liabilities Total liabilities	4,030 6,859	3,966 6,849	3,911 7,253	4,468 8,145	4,857 8,830	5,230 9,486
10		Shareholders' equity	10,015	13,015	16,931	22,237	28,264	35,176
0	- 20	Minorities Total shareholders' equity	-816 9,198	-874 12,141	-977 15,954	-1,086 21,151	-1,196 27,068	-1,306 33,870
-10	- 10	Net debt	1,993	1,980	2,163	2,045	1,874	1,577
-15	15E 16E 17E	Key Company Metrics						
Sales grow		Sales growth (%)	-8.2	3.2	-9.6	14.4	8.8	7.7
Solvency		DB EPS growth (%) EBITDA Margin (%)	23.4 0.7	46.6 -0.6	60.1 -2.2	10.9 -2.4	13.6 -1.9	14.7 -1.4
		EBIT Margin (%)	-1.7	-2.9	-2.2	-4.9	-1.9	-3.7
25		Payout ratio (%)	0.0	11.7	8.1 36.1	12.0	12.0	12.0
20		ROE (%) Capex/sales (%)	27.1 8.9	29.3 10.1	36.1 9.1	30.8 7.9	27.1 7.3	24.8 6.8
10		Capex/depreciation (x)	3.8	4.4	3.6	3.3	3.1	3.0
5		Net debt/equity (%) Net interest cover (x)	21.7 nm	16.3 nm	13.6 nm	9.7 nm	6.9 nm	4.7 nm
0								

Source: Company data, Deutsche Bank estimates

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Net debt/equity (LHS) ----- Net interest cover (RHS)

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Page 2

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Year-end cost spike cannot mask strong full-year results

Brilliance's minibus/auto parts business reported a 9.6% YoY revenue decline, to RMB5.5bn, and an 18.1% YoY gross profit decline, to RMB562.5m, due to weaker mix and pricing. According to management, its minibus sales were affected by weak overall market demand and a lack of new models. Partially offset by government grants, lower transportation expenses, and lower advertising expenses, the consolidated business still recorded a 42.2% larger operating loss of RMB320.1m YoY in FY14.

Not surprisingly, Brilliance's FY14 bottom line was lifted up by the BMW JV, which reported 29.2% YoY growth in revenues and a 61.2% YoY jump in earnings contributions (RMB5.5bn). There was margin expansion at the BMW JV, despite a product mix downshift, due to economies of scale and increasing component localization. On a half-year basis, the JV recorded greater R&D and selling expenses in 2H14. That led to 7.3ppt HoH 2H14 net profit margin erosion, but we do not find that surprising, as Brilliance has been warning of lower margins in 2H due to cost allocation seasonality and because a similar situation took place in previous years.

Figure 1: Brilliance China	Figure 1: Brilliance China – FY14 results summary									
RMBm	FY14	FY13	YoY	2H14	1H14	HoH	DB Comments (FY14 vs. FY13)			
Turnover	5,514.8	6,103.5	-9.6%	3,018.9	2,495.9	21.0%	FY14: Minibus sales volume sales dropped 7.2% to 77,710 units (from FY13's 83,747units)			
Cost of sales	(4,952.3)	(5,417.0)	-8.6%	(2,674.1)	(2,278.2)	17.4%				
Gross profit	562.5	686.5	-18.1%	344.7	217.7	58.3%				
Gross profit margin	10.2%	11.2%		11.4%	8.7%		Margin was negatively affected primarily due to volume decline, sales mix change, and pricing pressure			
Other net income	104.2	96.2	8.3%	77.1	27.1	183.9%	Including government grants, which were partially offset by a decrease in income generated from the sale of scrap materials			
Selling expenses	(585.2)	(608.4)	-3.8%	(354.7)	(230.5)	53.9%	Decrease in transportation cost as a result of lower sales volume and lower advertising spending			
General & admin expenses	(401.6)	(399.4)	0.5%	(213.7)	(187.9)	13.7%				
Operating profit/(losses)	(320.1)	(225.0)	42.2%	(146.6)	(173.5)	-15.5%				
Operating profit margin	-5.8%	-3.7%		-4.9%	-6.9%					
Net interest income (expenses)	(102.7)	(91.7)	12.0%	(49.4)	(53.3)	-7.4%	Due to increase in borrowing, partially offset by increase in interest income due to increase in cash deposit			
Share of associates' profit	228.9	193.1	18.5%	106.5	122.4	-12.9%	Including contributions from The Aerospace Mitsubishi engine and Power Xinchen			
Share of JV's profit	5,536.8	3,448.3	60.6%	1,847.5	3,689.2	-49.9%	The BMW JV had a 34.7% YoY sales volume growth to 278,529 units. Earnings contribution was up 61.2% YoY to RMB5.5bn.			
Profit before taxation	5,342.9	3,324.7	60.7%	1,758.1	3,584.8	-51.0%				
Taxation	(42.9)	(8.4)	412.7%	(37.6)	(5.3)	607.1%	Due to the dividend withholding tax and an effective tax rate increase for one of the company's subsidiary			
Minority interests	103.5	57.8	78.9%	55.0	48.4	13.6%				
Net profit Source: Company data, Deutsche Bank estima	5,403.4	3,374.2	60.1%	1,775.5	3,627.9	-51.1%				

Existing model sales to stay solid, with new model support beyond 2H15E

Brilliance now targets a growth rate of 10% for Brilliance BMW vehicle sales in FY15E, implying a volume target of about 306,382 units. In January-February, the JV recorded a sales volume growth rate of 13.7% YoY, to 48,701 units, above the company's full-year growth target. Despite cautious guidance, we are still optimistic that the Brilliance BMW JV can attain mid-teen sales volume growth in FY15-16E considering 1) still-solid demand in the existing model line-up, 2) upcoming local production of the 2-series Active Tourer in 2H15E, and 3) the replacement of the X1 SUV production with the new generation X1 in FY16E.

In addition, Sohu Auto News released some undercover photos in February showing that road testing of the all-new 1-series sedan has taken place in China. Since the 1-series sedan shares the same front-wheel-drive platform as the 2-series Active Tourer and the new generation X1, we have reason to believe the Brilliance BMW JV may localize the production of the 1-series sedan in China. Although the timing of the new launch, if true, is unknown, we believe it could happen in FY16-17E. Since this model is currently not in our forecast, given a lack of confirmation from BMW or Brilliance, including it would be an upside risk to our estimate. Also, the 1-series sedan can help further broaden BMW's customer base.

Another boost to Brilliance BMW sales, in our view, is the increasing adoption of automobile financing, which helps to further enlarge the potential customer base.

Regarding the product mix, we believe that while demand for the 5-series will still account for about 45-50% of total FY15E sales volume, contribution from the 3-series and X1 is likely to increase.

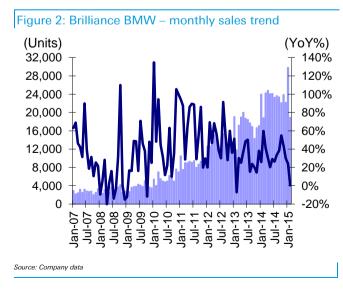
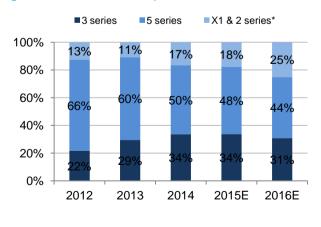


Figure 3: Brilliance BMW – product sales mix



*Remark: 2-series Active Tourer to be launched in 2H15E Source: Company data

We are prudent on FY15-16E margin, but not overly bearish

After years of positive operating leverage due to high utilization at BMW JV, we expect the margin expansion pace to halt, mainly because the product mix will skew further downward in terms of price range.

Nevertheless, we are optimistic that Brilliance BMW will manage to reap enough cost savings from further localization of engine production to offset the new spending; for example, more R&D expenses to localize new models. To elaborate, the JV has already achieved some cost savings by assembling engines in China with import components. By 2016E, Brilliance BMW's own engine production plant will also be completed and should bring the production cost down further by increasing the local component ratio.

Last but not least, there are likely to be additional margin drivers for the JV, as EUR depreciation would probably help the JV partially lower the unit cost of components imported from Europe.

Figure 4: Brilliance BMW – key financial data								
	1H11	2H11	1H12	2H12	1H13	2H13	1H14	2H14
Sales volume (units)	55,012	53,177	80,792	80,057	105,692	101,037	140,013	138,516
YoY%	68.8%	40.3%	46.9%	50.5%	30.8%	26.2%	32.5%	37.1%
Revenue (RMBm)	17,772.2	19,759.6	26,107.5	30,043.1	37,244.9	35,927.6	48,243.4	46,301.8
YoY%	103.7%	54.9%	46.9%	52.0%	42.7%	19.6%	29.5%	28.9%
Pre-tax profit (RMBm)	1,732.1	1,702.7	3,537.8	3,535.6	5,661.7	3,560.0	9,886.6	4,891.2
YoY%	165.0%	16.4%	104.2%	107.6%	60.0%	0.7%	74.6%	37.4%
Operating profit margin (%)	9.7%	8.6%	13.6%	11.8%	15.2%	9.9%	20.5%	10.6%
Net profit (RMBm)	1,664.6	1,776.0	2,621.0	2,029.3	4,194.1	2,676.5	7,382.3	3,689.7
Y0Y%	190.1%	45.8%	57.5%	14.3%	60.0%	31.9%	76.0%	37.9%
Per vehicle profit (RMB) Source: Company data, Deutsche Bank	30,258.0	33,397.4	32,441.9	25,348.5	39,682.1	26,490.4	52,725.7	26,637.4

Minibus/MPV business

Brilliance unveiled its Huasong 7-seat premium MPV at the Guangzhou Auto Show in November 2014. The product is developed with support from BMW and houses a BMW-technology-based engine. As a result of the new premium MPV model launch this week, despite the weak macroeconomic backdrop, Brilliance targets 28% minibus/MPV sales volume growth for FY15E. We believe that since it may take some time for the Huasong 7 sales to ramp up and initial margin could be low for the product, we prefer to maintain our conservative outlook on the minibus/MPV business for now, although it is unlikely to become a big earnings drag on Brilliance.

Upward earnings revision

Raising FY15-16E earnings on higher margin expectations

We do not have any significant changes to our revenue forecast for Brilliance. Meanwhile, we revise up our FY15-16 earnings contribution forecasts from the BMW JV by 5.1-5.9%, using higher margin assumptions, mainly driven by the more favorable RMB/EUR outlook. In summary, this leads to a 6.2-6.9% increase in our FY15-16 net profit forecasts.

Figure 5: Brilliance China – major assumptions underlying Deutsche Bank's								
forecast								
	2012	2013	2014	2015E	2016E	2017E		
Sales volume (units)								
Minibuses	82,506	83,747	77,710	84,994	92,170	99,236		
YoY growth	0.0%	1.5%	-7.2%	9.4%	8.4%	7.7%		
BMW sedans	160,849	206,729	278,529	316,693	382,089	434,112		
YoY growth	48.7%	28.5%	34.7%	13.7%	20.6%	13.6%		
Turnover (RMBm)*	5,916	6,103	5,515	6,307	6,860	7,390		
YoY growth	-8.2%	3.2%	-9.6%	14.4%	8.8%	7.7%		
Gross profit (RMBm)*	696	687	562	599	686	776		
YoY growth	-18.6%	-1.4%	-18.1%	6.5%	14.5%	13.1%		
Cross profit morein*	11.8%	11.2%	10.2%	9.5%	10.0%	10.5%		
Gross profit margin*	11.0%	11.2%	10.2%	9.5%	10.0%	10.5%		
Contribution by BMW JV	2,325	3,435	5,536	6,123	6,936	7,927		
YoY growth	35.2%	47.7%	61.2%	10.6%	13.3%	14.3%		
Net profit	2,301	3,374	5,403	6,030	6,849	7,855		
YoY growth	27.0%	46.6%	60.1%	11.6%	13.6%	14.7%		
* Minibus and auto parts business only Source: Company data, Deutsche Bank o	estimates							

Valuation and risks

Premium valuation justified on earnings growth resilience

Our new target price of HKD17.2 is still based on 11.5x FY15E P/E, which is at a premium to the industry's long-term trading average of 11x, to reflect our optimism on the Brilliance BMW JV's long-term outlook. This is justified, in our view, by Brilliance's robust FY14-17E three-year earnings CAGR of 13%. The implied P/E-to-growth ratio stands at just 0.9x, which is by no means stretched, in our view.

With more than 20% upside potential, we maintain our Buy on Brilliance.



Risks

Key downside risks include an unexpected slowdown in luxury passenger vehicle demand, competition from other luxury brands' new models, and unexpected cost overruns.

Additional information available upon request

Disclosure checklist			
Company	Ticker	Recent price*	Disclosure
Brilliance China	1114.HK	14.30 (HKD) 26 Mar 15	7

*Prices are current as of the end of the previous trading session unless otherwise indicated and are sourced from local exchanges via Reuters, Bloomberg and other vendors. Data is sourced from Deutsche Bank and subject companies.

Important Disclosures Required by U.S. Regulators

Disclosures marked with an asterisk may also be required by at least one jurisdiction in addition to the United States. See Important Disclosures Required by Non-US Regulators and Explanatory Notes.

7. Deutsche Bank and/or its affiliate(s) has received compensation from this company for the provision of investment banking or financial advisory services within the past year.

Important Disclosures Required by Non-U.S. Regulators

Please also refer to disclosures in the Important Disclosures Required by US Regulators and the Explanatory Notes.

7. Deutsche Bank and/or its affiliate(s) has received compensation from this company for the provision of investment banking or financial advisory services within the past year.

For disclosures pertaining to recommendations or estimates made on securities other than the primary subject of this research, please see the most recently published company report or visit our global disclosure look-up page on our website at http://gm.db.com/ger/disclosure/Disclosure.egsr?ricCode=1114.HK

Analyst Certification

The views expressed in this report accurately reflect the personal views of the undersigned lead analyst(s) about the subject issuer and the securities of the issuer. In addition, the undersigned lead analyst(s) has not and will not receive any compensation for providing a specific recommendation or view in this report. Vincent Ha

Historical recommendations and target price: Brilliance China (1114.HK) (as of 3/26/2015)



1.	28/06/2012:	Buy, Target Price Change HKD9.60	7.	17/10/2013:	Buy, Target Price Change HKD15.10
2.	13/11/2012:	Buy, Target Price Change HKD11.40	8.	06/01/2014:	Buy, Target Price Change HKD15.30
3.	08/01/2013:	Buy, Target Price Change HKD12.40	9.	27/03/2014:	Buy, Target Price Change HKD13.70
4.	27/03/2013:	Buy, Target Price Change HKD11.90	10.	05/06/2014:	Buy, Target Price Change HKD14.80
5.	17/06/2013:	Buy, Target Price Change HKD11.40	11.	15/07/2014:	Buy, Target Price Change HKD16.70
6.	13/08/2013:	Buy, Target Price Change HKD13.00	12.	17/11/2014:	Buy, Target Price Change HKD16.30

Equity rating key

Buy: Based on a current 12- month view of total share-holder return (TSR = percentage change in share price from current price to projected target price plus pro-jected dividend yield), we recommend that investors buy the stock.

Sell: Based on a current 12-month view of total shareholder return, we recommend that investors sell the stock

Hold: We take a neutral view on the stock 12-months out and, based on this time horizon, do not recommend either a Buy or Sell. Notes:

1. Newly issued research recommendations and target prices always supersede previously published research.

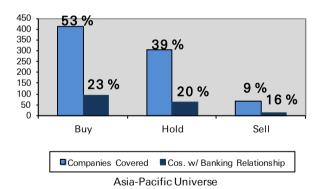
2. Ratings definitions prior to 27 January, 2007 were:

Buy: Expected total return (including dividends) of 10% or more over a 12-month period

Hold: Expected total return (including dividends) between -10% and 10% over a 12-month period

Sell: Expected total return (including dividends) of -10% or worse over a 12-month period

Equity rating dispersion and banking relationships



Regulatory Disclosures

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