Company report

Telecoms, Media & Technology Diversified Telecoms Equity – China



China Telecom Corp (728 HK)

N: large increase in 4G capex, monetization uncertain

- FY14 sales were in-line with expectations, but EPS missed by 2.8% on higher network costs than expected
- Mobile capex to more than double in 2015e, with Telecom continuing to focus on 4G rollout in the top 120 cities
- Neutral: trim DCF-derived target price by 2% to HKD5.40

China Telecom 2014 sales were in-line, but EPS missed on higher network costs. 2014 sales of RMB324.4bn were in-line with expectations, but EPS missed by 2.8% on a 29% increase in network operations and support. DPS was HKD0.095, flat YoY. Otherwise cost control was solid, with declines in all areas except personnel (up 8.4% YoY). 4G ARPU on c7m subscribers at end 2014 was cRMB90.

Capex to go up 18% to RMB100bn in 2015, as Unicom expands its broadband

networks. Capex of RMB76.9bn was lower than guidance of RMB80bn, but this is forecast to jump 40% in 2015e, with spending on the mobile network more than doubling to RMB63bn. This includes a cRMB6bn contingency budget for tower construction in the event that tower sharing starts later than expected. With both Unicom and Telecom rolling out 4G at high-speed, the delay in tower sharing company is less than ideal for both companies.

Raise sales estimates slightly, but cut DCF-derived target price by 2% to HKD5.40 (from HKD5.50) on higher capex than forecast. Our 2015e sales estimates rise by 1%, but we trim EBITDA by 1.5%, reflecting increasing cost pressure. Our 2015 sales and EBITDA estimates are 1% below and above consensus estimates respectively. We roll forward our DCF start year to 2015, and increase our capex estimates, offsetting higher EBITDA forecasts in 2016 and 2017 in our DCF. Telecom stock trades at 4x 2015e EBITDA, and 14.4x 2015e EPS.

Remain cautious on outlook. China Telecom – as at Unicom two weeks ago – announced sharp increases in 4G capex and network operating costs. Yet there was relatively little guidance on the revenue and profit impact of the accelerated investment in 4G. China Telecom expects to have c60% of its mobile subscribers on 4G by end 2016, a similar proportion to those currently on 3G. We believe this will be beneficial to users (and the economy) but – against a backdrop of higher capex and network operating costs – remain cautious on the benefit to investors.

Index [^] Index level RIC Bloomberg	
Source: HSBC	

HSCEI 11,838 0728.HK 728 HK

Enterprise value (CNYm)	410061
Free float (%)	78
Market cap (USDm)	49,616
Market cap (HKDm)	385,238

Source: HSBC

Neutral

Target price	(HKD)	5.40
Share price	(HKD)	4.83
Potential return (%)		11.8

Note: Potential return equals the percentage difference between the current share price and the target price

Dec	2014 a	2015 e	2016 e
HSBC EPS	0.22	0.27	0.28
HSBC PE	17.5	14.4	13.7
Performance	1M	3M	12M
Absolute (%)	-2.9	7.7	49.7

Note: (V) = volatile (please see disclosure appendix)

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Neale Anderson*

Analyst The Hong Kong & Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited +852 2996 6716 neale.anderson@hsbc.com.hk

Jia Wen*

Associate The Hong Kong & Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited +852 2822 4686 Jia.wen@hsbc.com.hk

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Financials & valuation

Financial statements						
Year to	12/2014a	12/2015e	12/2016e	12/2017e		
Profit & loss summary (CN)	Ym)					
Revenue	324,394	331,721	348,740	367,521		
EBITDA	94,853	103,500	109,738	114,525		
Depreciation & amortisation	-66,345	-69,244	-72,015	-74,583		
Operating profit/EBIT	28,508	34,256	37,724	39,942		
Net interest	-5,285	-5,224	-5,224	-5,224		
PBT	23,257	29,032	32,550	34,768		
HSBC PBT	23,257	29,032	32,500	34,718		
Taxation	-5,498	-7,351	-9,750	-10,416		
Net profit	17,680	21,553	22,672	24,225		
HSBC net profit	16,201	20,195	22,622	24,175		
Cash flow summary (CNYn	ו)					
Cash flow from operations	83,094	91,575	96,694	99,269		
Capex	-76,889	-107,800	-104,622	-101,803		
Cash flow from investment	-76,889	-107,800	-104,622	-101,803		
Dividends	-6,085	-6,085	-6,897	-7,935		
Change in net debt	-6,858	16,225	14,825	10,470		
FCF equity	7,684	-14,866	-10,377	-3,250		
Balance sheet summary (C	CNYm)					
Intangible fixed assets	38,901	38,901	38,901	38,901		
Tangible fixed assets	426,057	464,613	497,220	524,440		
Current assets	59,543	52,005	54,558	57,375		
Cash & others	21,815	15,000	15,000	15,000		
Total assets	561,274	592,292	627,452	657,490		
Operating liabilities	162,267	162,194	167,664	171,357		
Gross debt	106,976	116,386	131,211	141,681		
Net debt	85,161	101,386	116,211	126,681		
Shareholders funds	289,183	310,736	325,473	341,219		
Invested capital	340,419	378,325	408,015	434,359		

Valuation data						
Year to	12/2014a	12/2015e	12/2016e	12/2017e		
EV/sales	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2		
EV/EBITDA	4.2	4.0	3.9	3.8		
EV/IC	1.2	1.1	1.0	1.0		
PE*	17.5	14.4	13.7	12.8		
P/Book value	1.1	1.0	1.0	0.9		
FCF yield (%)	2.5	-4.8	-3.4	-1.1		
Dividend yield (%)	2.0	2.2	2.6	2.7		

Note: * = Based on HSBC EPS (fully diluted)



Note: price at close of 18 Mar 2015

Year to	12/2014a	12/2015e	12/2016e	12/2017e
Y-o-y % change				
Revenue	0.9	2.3	5.1	5.4
EBITDA	-1.8	9.1	6.0	4.4
Operating profit	3.8	20.2	10.1	5.9
PBT	0.7	24.8	12.1	6.8
HSBC EPS	0.8	21.9	5.2	6.8
Ratios (%)				
Revenue/IC (x)	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.9
ROIC	5.9	6.7	6.7	6.6
ROE	5.7	6.7	7.1	7.3
ROA	3.9	4.4	4.4	4.5
EBITDA margin	29.2	31.2	31.5	31.2
Operating profit margin	8.8	10.3	10.8	10.9
EBITDA/net interest (x)	17.9	19.8	21.0	21.9
Net debt/equity	29.4	32.5	35.6	37.0
Net debt/EBITDA (x)	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.1
CF from operations/net debt	97.6	90.3	83.2	78.4
Per share data (CNY)				
EPS reported (fully diluted)	0.22	0.27	0.28	0.30
HSBC EPS (fully diluted)	0.22	0.27	0.28	0.30
DPS	0.08	0.09	0.10	0.10
Book value	3.57	3.84	4.02	4.22

Ratio, growth and per share analysis



Valuation, rating, risks

- Solid cost control in all areas except personnel (up 8% YoY) and network operations & support (up 29% YoY)
- Expect slower growth in wireline due to higher competition
- Neutral: trim DCF derived target price by 2% to HKD5.40

Results review

Impact of the change from the business tax to VAT

The impact of the change in tax regime was significant in 2014. China Telecom providers more disclosure than its peers on pro-forma results, making comparisons easier:

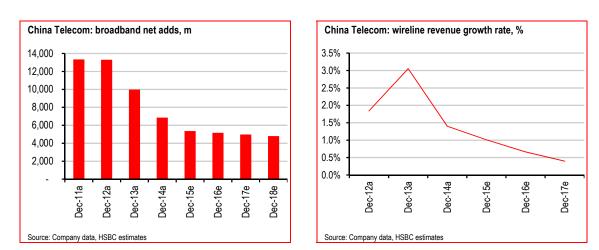
- **Revenues**. Reported total revenue growth of 0.9% was 3.8% on a pro-forma basis, with reported service revenue growth of 3.1% translating to 6.3% growth on a pro-forma basis.
- ▶ **Profit**. Reported operating profit growth of 3.8% compared to 22% on a pro-forma basis, and reported net income growth of 0.8% compared to 22.5% on a pro-forma basis.

Comparable figures based entirely on the value-added tax regime will not be available until 2H15, and even then comparisons will be difficult due to the slow speed at which the VAT credit system was set up.

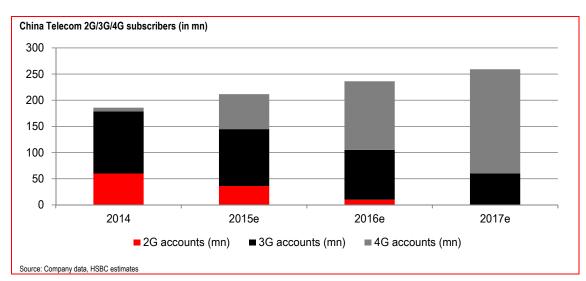
Mobile business

Mobile service revenue grew 5.7% in 2014, with 18.1% growth in data offsetting a 6.1% decline in voice revenue. Sales of terminals declined 16% as expected on lower subsidies (down 32.7% YoY in 2014).

- ➤ 4G subscribers. 4G subscribers were c7m at end 2014, from c2m at September 2014. The company targets c60m 4G subscribers by end 2016, with a majority of customers on 4G by the end of 2016. This implies a two year migration in 4G to get to the same situation as at end 2014, which saw 64% of subscribers on 3G or 4G.
- ▶ 4G ARPU. 4G ARPU was cRMB90 at end 2014, somewhat lower than expected. Overall mobile ARPU declined to RMB54 in 2014, from RMB54.8 in 2013. By contrast, mobile broadband ARPU (ie 3G and 4G) at China Unicom was RMB64 in 2014.



HSBC (X)



Data usage. China Telecom saw relatively slow growth in average monthly data usage by 3/4G handset users, growing 19.5% from 190MB in 2013 to 227MB in 2014. Handset internet access revenue grew 48.8% YoY, but from a relatively small base of RMB22.9bn in 2013, to RMB34bn in 2014.

Wireline business

China Telecom is seeing increasing pressure from other broadband service providers, including China Mobile. This is resulting in a slow-down in the rate of growth in the broadband business, with the company adding 6.8m subscribers in 2014, down from 10m in 2013 (chart above left). Overall, data revenue growth of 5.4% just offset a 13.1% YoY decline in voice revenue, with strong growth in wireline value-added services and integrated information services (up 11% YoY). Overall wireline service revenues grew 1.4% in 2014.

Operating costs

As at China Unicom, Telecom saw declines in most cost lines, but a big jump in network operating costs. We expect this to continue to increase in 2015, reflecting the large increase in 4G network rollout.

HSBC 🚺

Selling and marketing costs continued to decline, down 11.7% YoY (the same as Unicom) to RMB62.7bn. Handset subsidies declined 32.7% (relative to a 40.4% YoY decline at Unicom) to RMB15.3bn. The company expects a similar decline in SG&A in 2015e.

- Interconnection charges. These declined 13.2% YoY as a result of the settlement changes introduced at the start of 2014. From 2015 onwards, the YoY comparisons will be less favourable – we model a 2% increase in 2015.
- Network operations and support. This grew 29.3% in 2014 (compared to 12.3% growth at Unicom), and we expect continued rise in costs as the 4G network continues to expand and traffic grows. We model 6% growth in 2015.
- **Personnel**. We expect 9% growth relative to the 8.4% growth recorded in 2014.
- Cost of Goods Sold. We expect this to decline 21% YoY in line with the decline in equipment revenues.
- Depreciation & Amortization. This declined 4% in 2014, but the substantial increase in capex in 2015 suggests rising depreciation in 2015 we model 4% growth.

Network and capex - will the tower sharing company be too late?

China Telecom guided for a 40% increase in capex in 2015 to RMB107.8bn, substantially higher than the RMB90.4bn we had forecast:

- **Capex split**. Telecom plans to more than double spending on mobile to RMB63bn (from RMB30bn in 2014) in 2015, with wireline capex down slightly to RMB44.8bn, from RMB47.3bn in 2014.
- ➤ Mobile coverage. China Telecom aims to rollout 'in-depth' LTE coverage to 120 cities, noting that this would cover c75% of the current network traffic of the company. It aims to have 320k 4G base stations by end 2015 (up 200k YoY) and 140k indoor radio systems (up 80k YoY).
- **Tower sharing**. It has a cRMB6bn contingency fund in its budget for tower construction in the event that the tower sharing company is slower than expected to begin operations. It provided no material update on the progress of tower sharing at the briefing.

Valuation, rating, risks

China Telecom shares are trading at 14.4x 2015e EPS relative to a four-year average of 16.1x forward earnings.

In our DCF valuation, we apply an equity beta of 0.9, a risk-free rate of 3.5%, an equity risk premium of 7% and a country risk premium of 0% to derive a cost of equity of 9.9%. Our cost of debt of 5% and our debt-to-capital ratio of 30% assumptions result in a WACC of 8%. We apply a terminal growth rate of 1%. This results in an EV of RMB405bn, 3.9x our 2015e EBITDA estimate. This implies a new target price of HKD5.40, 2% lower than our previous target price of HKD5.50.

Under our research model, the Neutral band for non-volatile stocks runs from 5ppt below to 5ppt above the hurdle rate set by our Global Equity Strategy team (9% for China). Our target price implies a potential return of 11.8%, which is within the Neutral band; we therefore reiterate our Neutral rating. Potential return equals the percentage difference between the current share price and the target price, including the forecast dividend yield when indicated.



Risks to our view

Upside (downside) risks to our view are (1) faster (slower) revenue growth than expected due to strong 4G adoption, elasticity of data demand and tiered data tariffs; (2) lower (higher) opex growth than expected due to (despite) VAT rebates, and strong cost control; and (3) a positive (negative) financial impact of SoE reform and a change in the capital return policy.

Forecasts versus prior estimates

We raise our sales estimates on slightly higher mobile data forecasts, but cut 2015e EBITDA on higher network costs than previously forecast. We raise 2016 and 2017e EBITDA on lower selling costs than previously forecast.

RMBm	2015e	2016e	2017e	13-16e CAGR
Consensus				
Revenues	334,691	353,189	372,823	3.2%
% chg YoY	3.2%	5.5%	5.6%	
Operating Expense	(231,798)	(242,368)	(250,351)	2.5%
% chg YoY	2.1%	4.6%	3.3%	
EBITDA	102,892	110,821	122,472	4.7%
% chg YoY	5.6%	7.7%	10.5%	
% margin	30.7%	31.4%	32.8%	
Operating Profit	32,793	37,114	41,965	10.6%
% chg YoY	9.2%	13.2%	13.1%	
% margin	9.8%	10.5%	11.3%	
Net Income	20,445	23,449	29,744	10.2%
% chg YoY	11.7%	14.7%	26.8%	
EPS, RMB	0.25	0.29	0.38	9.4%
HSBC				
Revenues	331,721	348,740	367,521	2.7%
% chq YoY	2.3%	5.1%	5.4%	
Operating Expense	(228,221)	(239,002)	(252,996)	
% chg YoY	-0.6%	4.7%	5.9%	
EBITĎA	103,500	109,738	114,525	4.4%
% chg YoY	9.1%	6.0%	4.4%	
% margin	31.2%	31.5%	31.2%	
Operating Profit	34,256	37,724	39,942	11.2%
% chg YoY	20.2%	10.1%	5.9%	
% margin	10.3%	10.8%	10.9%	
Net Income	21,553	22,672	24,225	8.9%
% chg YoY	21.9%	5.2%	6.8%	
EPS, RMB	0.27	0.28	0.30	8.9%
HSBC vs. Consensus	2015e	2016e	2017e	
Sales	-0.9%	-1.3%	-1.4%	
EBITDA	0.6%	-1.0%	-6.5%	
OP	4.5%	1.6%	-4.8%	
Net Income	5.4%	-3.3%	-18.6%	
EPS	5.3%	-2.7%	-21.2%	
HSBC Nov 2014 estimates	2015e	2016e	2017e	
Sales	328,577	341,088	353,880	
EBITDA	105,035	106,969	110,224	
OP	32,762	31,567	34,235	
Net Income	19,063	18,172	20,039	
EPS, RMB	0.24	0.22	0.25	
HSBC vs. previous	2015e	2016e	2017e	
Sales	1.0%	2.2%	3.9%	
EBITDA	-1.5%	2.6%	3.9%	
OP	4.6%	19.5%	16.7%	
Net Income	13.1%	24.8%	20.9%	
EPS	13.1%	24.8%	20.9%	

Source: Company data, HSBC estimates, Bloomberg



Disclosure appendix

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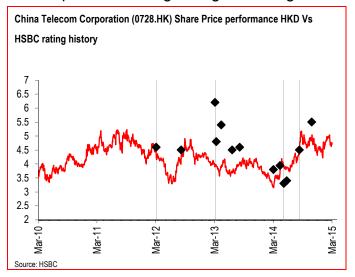


*A stock will be classified as volatile if its historical volatility has exceeded 40%, if the stock has been listed for less than 12 months (unless it is in an industry or sector where volatility is low) or if the analyst expects significant volatility. However, stocks which we do not consider volatile may in fact also behave in such a way. Historical volatility is defined as the past month's average of the daily 365-day moving average volatilities. In order to avoid misleadingly frequent changes in rating, however, volatility has to move 2.5 percentage points past the 40% benchmark in either direction for a stock's status to change.

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Overweight (Buy)	41%	(30% of these provided with Investment Banking Services)	
Neutral (Hold)	39%	(28% of these provided with Investment Banking Services)	
Underweight (Sell)	20%	(20% of these provided with Investment Banking Services)	

Share price and rating changes for long-term investment opportunities



Recommendation & price target history				
From	То	Date		
Overweight	Neutral	20 March 2012		
Neutral	Overweight	20 March 2013		
Overweight	Underweight	22 May 2014		
Underweight	Neutral	27 August 2014		
Target Price	Value	Date		
Price 1	4.60	20 March 2012		
Price 2	4.50	22 August 2012		
Price 3	6.20	20 March 2013		
Price 4	4.80	28 March 2013		
Price 5	5.40	28 April 2013		
Price 6	4.50	05 July 2013		
Price 7	4.60	21 August 2013		
Price 8	3.80	19 March 2014		
Price 9	3.94	28 April 2014		
Price 10	3.30	22 May 2014		
Price 11	3.40	09 June 2014		
Price 12	4.50	27 August 2014		
Price 13	5.50	11 November 2014		

Source: HSBC



HSBC & Analyst disclosures

Disclosure checklist						
Company	Ticker	Recent price	Price Date	Disclosure		
CHINA TELECOM CORPORATION	0728.HK	4.76	17-Mar-2015	4, 6, 11		

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Source: HSBC
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- 2 All market data included in this report are dated as at close 17 March 2015, unless otherwise indicated in the report.
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The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited Level 19, 1 Queen's Road Central Hong Kong SAR Telephone: +852 2843 9111 Fax: +852 2596 0200 Website: www.research.hsbc.com

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Global Telecoms, Media & Technology **Research** Team

Global Stephen Howard Analyst, Global Sector Head +44 20 7991 6820 stephen.howard@hsbcib.com

Europe Nicolas Cote-Colisson Analyst

+44 20 7991 6826 nicolas.cote-colisson@hsbcib.com

antonin.baudry@hsbc.com

Antonin Baudry Analyst +33 1 56 52 43 25

Christopher Johnen Analyst +49 211 910 2852

christopher.johnen@hsbc.de

Dominik Klarmann, CFA Analyst +49 211 910 2769 dominik.klarmann@hsbc.de

Christian Rath +49 211 910 3049

Luigi Minerva Analyst +44 20 7991 6928

Olivier Moral

luigi.minerva@hsbcib.com

adam.fox-rumley@hsbcib.com

dhirajsaraf@hsbc.co.in

christian.rath@hsbc.de

Analyst +33 1 5652 4322 olivier.moral@hsbc.com

Adam Fox-Rumley Analyst +44 20 7991 6819

Dhiraj Saraf, CFA Analyst

+91 80 3001 3773 Americas

Christopher A Recouso Analvst +1 212 525 2279 christopher.a.recouso@us.hsbc.com

Sunil Rajgopal Analyst +1 212 525 0267

Global Emerging Markets (GEMs) Hervé Drouet Analyst

herve.drouet@hsbcib.com

sunilrajgopal@us.hsbc.com

Emerging Europe, Middle East & Africa (EMEA) Franca Di Silvestro Head of Research, SA +27 11 676 4223

+44 20 7991 6827

franca.disilvestro@za.hsbc.com

Bülent Yurdagül Analyst +90 212 376 46 12 bulentyurdagul@hsbc.com.tr Asia Yogesh Aggarwal

Analyst +91 22 2268 1246

Neale Anderson Analyst

+852 2996 6716 Joyce Chen Analyst

+8862 6631 2862 Luis Hilado Analyst

+65 6658 0607 Jenny Lai

+8862 6631 2860 Lionel Lin

Analyst +65 6658 0624 Carrie Liu

Analyst +8862 6631 2864 Steven C Pelayo

Analyst +852 2822 4391 **Ricky Seo**

Analyst +822 37068777

Rajiv Sharma Analyst +91 22 2268 1239

Jerry Tsai Analyst +8862 6631 2863 Chi Tsang

Analyst +852 2822 2590

Rajesh Raman Analyst +65 6658 0608

Yolanda Wang Analyst +8862 6631 2867

Tse-yong Yao Analyst +8862 6631 2861

Jena Han Analyst +822 3706 8772 Will Cho

Analyst +822 3706 8765

Alice Cai Associate +852 2996 6584

Jia Wen Associate +852 2822 4686 Kenneth Shim

Associate +822 3706 8779 David Huang Associate +886 2 66312865 vogeshaggarwal@hsbc.co.in

neale.anderson@hsbc.com.hk

HSBC (X)

joycechchen@hsbc.com.tw

luishilado@hsbc.com.so

Head of Research, Taiwan

lionelylin@hsbc.com.sg

chitsang@hsbc.com.hk

yolandayywang@hsbc.com.tw

will.cho@kr.hsbc.com

alice.y.cai@hsbc.com.hk

jia.wen@hsbc.com.hk

kennyshim@kr.hsbc.com

david.s.huang@hsbc.com.tw

Specialist Sales

Gareth Hollis +44 20 7991 5124 Kubilay Yalcin +49 211 9104880 Myles McMahon +852 2822 4676

gareth.hollis@hsbcib.com kubilay.yalcin@hsbc.de

mylesmacmahon@hsbc.com.hk

jennylai@hsbc.com.tw

carriecfliu@hsbc.com.tw

stevenpelayo@hsbc.com.hk

rickyjuilseo@kr.hsbc.com

rajivsharma@hsbc.co.in

jerrycytsai@hsbc.com.tw

rajeshraman@hsbc.com.sg

tse-yongyao@hsbc.com.tw

jenahan@kr.hsbc.com