Consumer & Retail Multiline Retail Equity - China



Wumart Stores (1025 HK)

Downgrade to N(V): cash flow disappointment overshadows strength in earnings

- 2014 recurring profit 18% better than our estimate, beat on SSSG and consolidated GPM
- > Zero dividend was a negative surprise; we expect lower cash flows to be generated from operations
- Downgrade to N(V) from OW(V), lower DCF-based TP to HKD6.5 (from HKD7.7)

2014 results were better than expected. Wumart's FY same-store sales growth (SSSG) was 4.4%, much higher than 0.9% in 1H, thanks to its "low price strategies" implemented from May. Strong suppliers income and rental income offset the negative impact from lowering prices, leading to a 40bp y-o-y expansion in consolidated GPM to 21.2%. Operating profit declined 6.4% y-o-y, as SGA still grew faster at 20% y-o-y than 15.7% growth in consolidated GP. Thanks to lower tax rate, FY recurring net profit grew 2.1% yo-y to RMB476m, a big improvement from 10% decline in 1H14 and 18% better than our estimate. However, after Wumart booked RMB143m impairment loss from loss-making and closed stores, the reported net profit showed a decline of 14% to RMB395m.

Zero dividend in 2014 was negative surprise. Despite the strength in operating results, Wumart for the first time since its listing paid zero dividends (69.8% payout in 2013), justified by its decline in operating cash flow and the plan to increase capex. Its 2014 operating cash flow fell 35% y-o-y to RMB958m due to the decline in OP and the drop in prepaid card sales. Capex in 2015e should increase to RMB600-700m from RMB400m as it plans to open 20 big stores, up from 16. The zero dividend was a negative surprise to us as we upgraded the stock to OW(V) in August 2014 based on dividend yield and cash flow yield. We assume the dividend payout will return to 35% in 2015 and forward, as OP cash flow resumes positive growth from the 35% decline in 2014; but visibility is low.

We turn more cautious on future cash flows. Our previous forecasts on cash flow are optimistic as prepaid cards sales will remain weak: the new card sales declined by 11% in 2014 y-o-y and the card used in total sales declined to now 20% from 25% a year earlier. With the government's continued focus on constraining extravagant spending, we now expect customer prepayments to remain flat due to weak prepaid card sales (versus in line with sales growth previously). Offsetting this, better-than-expected 2014 core earnings have led us to raise our 2015 earnings forecast 16%. Net-net, we have cut our FY15 and FY16 OP cash flow forecasts by 25% each, resulting in a cut to our DCF-based target price to HKD6.5 (from HKD7.7) and downgrade to N(V). The change to our target price are due to the cuts we've made to our earnings and OP cash flow forecasts.

Source: HSBC

^Index	HSCEI
Index level	11.566
RIC	1025.HK
Bloomberg	1025 HK

Enterprise value (RMBm)	3,739
Free float (%)	42
Market cap (USDm)	923
Market cap (HKDm)	7,175

Neutral (V)

Target price Share price	6.50 5.60
Potential retu	16.1

Note: Potential return equals the percentage difference between the current share price and the target price

Dec	2014a	2015e	2016e
HSBC EPS	0.37	0.37	0.38
HSBC PE	12.2	12.1	11.9
Performance	1M	3M	12M
Performance Absolute (%)	1M -0.7	3M -24.1	12M -31.7

Note: (V) = volatile (please see disclosure appendix)

15 March 2015

Lina Yan*

Analyst The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking **Corporation Limited** +852 2822 4344 linayjyan@hsbc.com.hk

Erwan Rambourg*

Global Co-Head of Consumer & Retail Research The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking **Corporation Limited** +852 2996 6572 erwanrambourg@hsbc.com.hk

Vishal Goel*

Associate Bangalore

View HSBC Global Research at: http://www.research.hsbc.com

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Issuer of report: The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited

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This report must be read with the disclosures and the analyst certifications in the Disclosure appendix, and with the Disclaimer, which forms part of it

Financials & valuation

Financial statements								
Year to	12/2014a	12/2015e	12/2016e	12/2017e				
Profit & loss summary (RMBm)								
Revenue	21,638	24,271	26,953	29,778				
EBITDA	1,079	1,115	1,155	1,191				
Depreciation & amortisation	-444	-479	-514	-548				
Operating profit/EBIT	635	636	641	643				
Net interest	19	19	24	30				
PBT	557	666	676	683				
HSBC PBT	664	666	676	683				
Taxation	-140	-166	-169	-171				
Net profit	395	477	484	490				
HSBC net profit	476	477	484	490				
Cash flow summary (RMBn	n)							
Cash flow from operations	958	1,092	1,146	1,218				
Capex	-400	-650	-651	-652				
Cash flow from investment	-638	-640	-641	-642				
Dividends	0	-143	-145	-147				
Change in net debt	560	-328	-385	-460				
FCF equity	840	527	586	663				
Balance sheet summary (F	RMBm)							
Intangible fixed assets	872	867	863	861				
Tangible fixed assets	3,633	3,875	4,082	4,255				
Current assets	6,708	7,469	8,291	9,204				
Cash & others	2,188	2,610	3,089	3,645				
Total assets	12,175	13,173	14,199	15,283				
Operating liabilities	7,311	7,859	8,428	9,051				
Gross debt	1,060	1,154	1,249	1,345				
Net debt	-1,128	-1,456	-1,840	-2,300				
Shareholders' funds	3,781	4,116	4,455	4,797				
Invested capital	1,714	1,742	1,719	1,625				

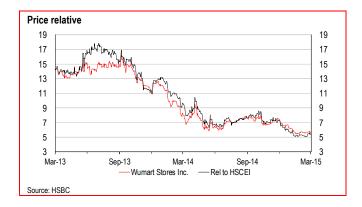
Ratio, growth and per share analysis							
Year to	12/2014a	12/2015e	12/2016e	12/2017e			
Y-o-y % change							
Revenue	14.6	12.2	11.1	10.5			
EBITDA	-3.2	3.4	3.6	3.1			
Operating profit	-6.4	0.2	0.8	0.2			
PBT	-22.3	19.6	1.5	1.1			
HSBC EPS	2.1	0.3	1.5	1.1			
Ratios (%)							
Revenue/IC (x)	15.0	14.0	15.6	17.8			
ROIC	33.0	27.6	27.8	28.8			
ROE	12.7	12.1	11.3	10.6			
ROA	3.6	3.9	3.7	3.5			
EBITDA margin	5.0	4.6	4.3	4.0			
Operating profit margin	2.9	2.6	2.4	2.2			
Net debt/equity	-28.3	-33.6	-39.2	-45.4			
Net debt/EBITDA (x)	-1.0	-1.3	-1.6	-1.9			
Per share data (RMB)							
EPS reported (diluted)	0.31	0.37	0.38	0.38			
HSBC EPS (diluted)	0.37	0.37	0.38	0.38			
DPS	0.00	0.11	0.11	0.11			
Book value	2.94	3.20	3.46	3.73			

Key forecast drivers

Year to	12/2014a	12/2015e	12/2016e	12/2017e
Effective OFA growth %	9	6	4	4
Same-store sales %	4	3	3	3
Consolidated gross margin %	21	22	22	23
Effective tax rate %	25	25	25	25
Dividend payout ratio %	0	30	30	30

Valuation data				
Year to	12/2014a	12/2015e	12/2016e	12/2017e
EV/sales	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1
EV/EBITDA	3.7	3.4	2.9	2.5
EV/IC	2.4	2.1	2.0	1.8
PE*	12.2	12.1	11.9	11.8
PB	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.2
FCF yield (%)	16.2	10.1	11.2	12.6
Dividend yield (%)	0.0	2.5	2.5	2.5

*Based on HSBC EPS (diluted)



Note: Priced at close of 12 March 2015

Cash flow disappointment overshadows strength in earnings

- 2014 recurring profit 18% better than our estimate, beat on SSSG and consolidated GPM
- Zero dividend was a negative surprise; we expect lower cash flows to be generated from operations
- Downgrade to N(V) from OW(V) with new DCF-based TP HKD6.5 (old HKD7.7)

Wumart: Changes to our earnings forecasts	;												
RMBm	2H14e	2H14a	Change	2014e	2014a	Change	2015e old	2015e new	Change	2016e old	2016e new	Change	2017e new
Sales	9,367	9,690	3%	18,579	18,902	2%	20,395	21,113	4%	22,207	23,348	5%	25,691
Other revenue (suppliers income, rental income from sub-leasing)	e 941	1,514	61%	2,162	2,735	27%	2,437	3,158	30%	2,724	3,605	32%	4,087
Operating Revenue	10,308	11,205	9%	20,741	21,638	4%	22,831	24,271	6%	24,931	26,953	8%	29,778
Gross profit	1,163	953	-18%	2,064	1,854	-10%	2,284	2,102	-8%	2,518	2,360	-6%	2,637
Consolidated gross profit	2,105	2,467	17%	4,226	4,589	9%	4,721	5,260	11%	5,242	5,965	14%	6,724
Total operating expenses	(2,088)	(2, 135)	2%	(3,996)	(4,043)	1%	(4,520)	(4,723)	5%	(5,086)	(5,435)	7%	(6,203)
Rental cost	(569)	(618)	9%	(1,090)	(1,140)	5%	(1,257)	(1,370)	9%	(1,434)	(1,606)	12%	(1,849)
Staff cost	(781)	(735)	-6%	(1,477)	(1,431)	-3%	(1,744)	(1,721)	-1%	(2,056)	(2,060)	0%	(2,450)
Operating profit	9 5	` 213́	124%	517	635	23%	515	636	24%	499	641	29%	643
Profit before tax	143	135	-5%	564	557	-1%	576	666	16%	569	676	19%	683
Net profit	98	88	-10%	404	395	-2%	413	477	16%	408	484	19%	490
Recurring net profit	98	169	73%	404	476	18%	413	477	16%	408	484	19%	490
Key drivers:			Change			Change			Change			Change	
SSSG	1.1%	7.8%	6.7ppt	1.0%	4.4%	3.4ppt	2.0%	3.0%	1.0ppt	2.0%	3.0%	1.0ppt	3.0%
Effective floor area growth (%)		8.4%		7.7%	9.1%	1.4ppt	5.1%	6.4%	1.3ppt	4.2%	4.2%	0.0ppt	4.1%
Staff costs to Revenue ratio	7.6%	6.6%	-1.0ppt	7.1%	6.6%	-0.5ppt	7.6%	7.1%	-0.5ppt	8.2%	7.6%	-0.6ppt	8.2%
Merchandise sales / OP Rev	90.9%	86.5%	-4.4ppt	89.6%	87.4%	-2.2ppt	89.3%	87.0%	-2.3ppt	89.1%	86.6%	-2.4ppt	86.3%
Direct sales margin	12.4%	9.8%	-2.6ppt	11.1%	9.8%	-1.3ppt	11.2%	10.0%	-1.2ppt	11.3%	10.1%	-1.2ppt	10.3%
Staff costs / OP Rev	7.6%	6.6%	-1.0ppt	7.1%	6.6%	-0.5ppt	7.6%	7.1%	-0.5ppt	8.2%	7.6%	-0.6ppt	8.2%
Rental costs / OP Rev	5.5%	5.5%	0.0ppt	5.3%	5.3%	0.0ppt	5.5%	5.6%	0.1ppt	5.8%	6.0%	0.2ppt	6.2%
Effective tax rate	28.4%	29.1%	0.7ppt	25.0%	25.1%	0.1ppt	25.0%	25.0%	0.0ppt	25.0%	25.0%	0.0ppt	25.0%
Consolidated gross margin	20.4%	22.0%	1.6ppt	20.4%	21.2%	0.8ppt	20.7%	21.7%	1.0ppt	21.0%	22.1%	1.1ppt	22.6%
Operating margin	0.9%	1.9%	1.0ppt	2.5%	2.9%	0.4ppt	2.3%	2.6%	0.4ppt	2.0%	2.4%	0.4ppt	2.2%
Net profit margin (/ OP Rev)	0.9%	0.8%	-0.2ppt	1.9%	1.8%	-0.1ppt	1.8%	2.0%	0.2ppt	1.6%	1.8%	0.2ppt	1.6%
Recurring net profit margin (/ OP Rev)	0.9%	1.5%	0.6ppt	1.9%	2.2%	0.2ppt	1.8%	2.0%	0.2ppt	1.6%	1.8%	0.2ppt	1.6%
Yoy %													
Sales	10.2%	14.0%		9.4%	11.3%		9.8%	11.7%		8.9%	10.6%		10.0%
Consolidated GP	11.1%	30.2%		11.3%	20.9%		11.7%	14.6%		11.1%	13.4%		12.7%
Operating profit	-46.3%	20.5%		-23.8%	-6.4%		-0.4%	0.2%		-3.1%	0.8%		0.2%
Net profit	-17.9%	-25.9%		-11.9%	-14.0%		2.1%	20.9%		-1.1%	1.5%		1.1%

Source: Company data, HSBC estimates

Wumart: DCF valuation (RMBm)

4

NPV of cash flows		3,920										
Net cash (debt) Equity value Number of shares (m) Value per share (RMB) – HKD : RMB		2,825 6,745 1,288 5.2 1.24										
Target price (HKD)		6.5										
Free cash flow calculation	Explicit 2015	Explicit 2016	Explicit 2017	Semi explicit 2018	Semi explicit 2019	Semi explicit 2020	Semi explicit 2021	Semi explicit 2022	Semi explicit 2023	Semi explicit 2024	Semi explicit 2025	Terminal
Sales	24,271	26,953	29,778	31,267	32,830	34,472	36,195	36,195	36,195	36,195	36,195	
Sales growth	12%	11%	10%	5%	5%	5%	5%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
EBIT	636	641	643	587	525	454	376	274	173	72	72	
EBIT margin	2.6%	2.4%	2.2%	1.9%	1.6%	1.3%	1.0%	0.8%	0.5%	0.2%	0.2%	
NOPAT	477	481	482	440	394	341	282	206	130	54	54	
Depreciation	479	514	548	548	548	548	548	548	548	548	548	
Gross cash flow	956	995	1,030	989	942	889	830	754	678	602	602	
Less minority interest EBITDA	42	44	46	44	42	39	37	33	30	27	27	
Increase in working capital	262	347	471	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	-	
Change in WC as a % of inc sales	1.1%	1.3%	1.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	
Maintenance capex	350	350	350	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	
Free cash flow	773	828	899	545	500	450	393	321	248	175	175	1,436
Year	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	11
WACC	11.00%	_	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		••	
PV of cash flow	697	672	657	359	297	240	189	139	97	62	56	456
NPV of cash flows	3,920											
Number of shares (m)	1,288											
Long-term growth rate	0%											
WACC calculation												
Cost of equity	11.75%											
Cost of debt	6.0%											
Tax rate	25.0%											
Target equity ratio	90%											
Target debt ratio	10%											
Risk-free rate (Rf)\	3.5%											
Equity risk premium	5.5%											
Sector beta	1.0											
Specific beta	1.5											
WACC	11.0%											

Source: Company data, HSBC estimates





Valuation

Though there are fluctuations in earnings resulting from investing in new stores and variations in SSSG assumptions, cash flows from existing stores continue to have high visibility. As a result, we set our target price for Wumart based on DCF.

Our DCF approach combines our earnings model and EBITDA estimates with our assumptions on depreciation, working capital, taxes, and debt levels. We explicitly estimate minority interest EBITDA and then strip this out of consolidated operating earnings. We model cash flows and EBITDA explicitly up to 2017, after which we build in semi-explicit cash flow estimates running off a sales growth assumption and a profitability metric through to 2025. After this stage, we move to a terminal valuation phase. Our DCF assumptions include a 5.5% China equity risk premium and a 0% terminal growth rate, while Wumart has a 6% cost of debt and a target 10:90 debt-to-equity ratio, yielding a cost of capital of 11.0%.

Our new DCF-based target price is HKD6.5 (was HKD7.7). The lower target price results from the cuts to our FY15 and FY16 operating cash flow estimates (by 25% for each year).

Under our research model, the Neutral band for volatile stocks equals the local market hurdle rate set by HSBC's Global Equity Strategy team (8.5% for Hong Kong-traded stocks), plus or minus 10ppt. Our target price implies a potential return of 16%; we therefore downgrade our rating on the shares to Neutral(V) from Overweight (V). Potential return equals the percentage difference between the current share price and the target price, plus the forecast dividend yield when indicated.

Downside risks to our rating and estimates include aggressive pricing strategies that do not lead to market share gains and faster than- expected cost appreciation. **Upside risks** to our view include (1) a sector re-rating driven by a pick-up in inflation or a normalization in demand following the government's curb on extravagant spending; (2) improvement in the OP cash flow situation; and (3) resumption of dividend payout.



Disclosure appendix

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This report addresses only the long-term investment opportunities of the companies referred to in the report. As and when HSBC publishes a short-term trading idea the stocks to which these relate are identified on the website at www.hsbcnet.com/research. Details of these short-term investment opportunities can be found under the Reports section of this website.

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Rating definitions for long-term investment opportunities

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HSBC assigns ratings to its stocks in this sector on the following basis:

For each stock we set a required rate of return calculated from the cost of equity for that stock's domestic or, as appropriate, regional market established by our strategy team. The target price for a stock represents the value the analyst expects the stock to reach over our performance horizon. The performance horizon is 12 months. For a stock to be classified as Overweight, the potential return, which equals the percentage difference between the current share price and the target price, including the forecast dividend yield when indicated, must exceed the required return by at least 5ppt over the next 12 months (or 10ppt for a stock classified as Volatile*). For a stock to be classified as Underweight, the stock must be expected to underperform its required return by at least 5ppt over the next 12 months (or 10ppt for a stock classified as Neutral.

Our ratings are re-calibrated against these bands at the time of any 'material change' (initiation of coverage, change of volatility status or change in target price). Notwithstanding this, and although ratings are subject to ongoing management review, expected returns will be permitted to move outside the bands as a result of normal share price fluctuations without necessarily triggering a rating change.

*A stock will be classified as volatile if its historical volatility has exceeded 40%, if the stock has been listed for less than 12 months (unless it is in an industry or sector where volatility is low) or if the analyst expects significant volatility. However, stocks which we do not consider volatile may in fact also behave in such a way. Historical volatility is defined as the past month's average of the daily 365-day moving average volatilities. In order to avoid misleadingly frequent changes in rating, however, volatility has to move 2.5ppt past the 40% benchmark in either direction for a stock's status to change.



Rating distribution for long-term investment opportunities

As of 13 March 2015, the distribution of all ratings published is as follows:				
Overweight (Buy)	41%	(30% of these provided with Investment Banking Services)		
Neutral (Hold)	40%	(28% of these provided with Investment Banking Services)		
Underweight (Sell)	19%	(20% of these provided with Investment Banking Services)		

Share price and rating changes for long-term investment opportunities



From	То	Date
Neutral (V)	Underweight (V)	20 March 2012
Underweight (V)	Underweight	26 February 2013
Underweight	Neutral	27 March 2013
Neutral	Overweight (V)	11 August 2014
Target price	Value	Date
Price 1	13.80	22 August 2012
Price 2	14.20	26 February 2013
Price 3	14.50	27 March 2013
Price 4	15.80	22 August 2013
Price 5	12.90	13 January 2014
Price 6	8.90	12 March 2014
Price 7	8.50	11 August 2014
Price 8	7.70	22 February 2015

Source: HSBC

HSBC & Analyst disclosures

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- 2 HSBC expects to receive or intends to seek compensation for investment banking services from this company in the next 3 months.
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- 8 A covering analyst/s has received compensation from this company in the past 12 months.
- 9 A covering analyst/s or a member of his/her household has a financial interest in the securities of this company, as detailed below.
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- 1 This report is dated as at 15 March 2015.
- 2 All market data included in this report are dated as at close 12 March 2015, unless otherwise indicated in the report.
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Global Consumer Brands & Retail Research Team

Europe

Consumer Brands & Retail Antoine Belge

Head of Consumer Brands and Retail Equity Research+33 1 56 52 43 47antoine.belge@hsbc.com

Anne-Laure Jamain Analyst +44 207 991 6587

+44 207 991 6587 annelaure.jamain@hsbcib.com David McCarthy

Head of Consumer Retail, Europe +44 207 992 1326 david1.mccarthy@hsbcib.com

andrew.porteous@hsbc.com

jerome.samuel@hsbc.com

paul.rossington@hsbcib.com

graham.jones@hsbc.com

damian.mcneela@hsbc.com

bulentyurdagul@hsbc.com.tr

jeanine.womersley@za.hsbc.com

Andrew Porteous Analyst +44 20 7992 4647

Jérôme Samuel

Analyst +33 1 56 52 44 23

Emmanuelle Vigneron Analyst

+33 1 56 52 43 19 emmanuelle.vigneron@hsbc.com Paul Rossington

Analyst +44 20 7991 6734

Graham Jones Analyst +44 20 7992 5347

Damian McNeela

Analyst +44 20 7992 4223

CEEMEA

Consumer Brands & Retail Bulent Yurdagul Analyst

+90 212 3764612 Jeanine Womersley Analyst +27 21 6741082

Specialist Sales David Harrington

+44 20 7991 5389 david.harrington@hsbcib.com

Asia

Consumer Brands & Retail Erwan Rambourg Head of Consumer Brands and Retail Equity Research +852 2996 6572 erwanrambourg@hsbc.com.hk Christopher Leung Analyst +852 2996 6531 christopher.k.leung@hsbc.com.hk Lina Yan Analyst +852 2822 4344 linayjyan@hsbc.com.hk **Catherine Chao** Analyst +852 2996 6570 catherinefchao@hsbc.com.hk Charlene Liu +852 2822 4398 charlenerliu@hsbc.com.hk Alice Chan +852 2996 6535 aliceptchan@hsbc.com.hk Karen Choi Analyst +822 3706 8781 karen.choi@kr.hsbc.com Jena Han Analyst +822 3706 8772 jenahan@kr.hsbc.com Permada (Mada) Darmono Analvst +65 6658 0613 permada.w.darmono@hsbc.com.sg Ananita M Kusumaningsih Analyst +65 6658 0610 ananita.m.kusumaningsih@hsbc.com.sg Thilan Wickramasinghe Analyst +65 6658 0609 thilanw@hsbc.com.sg Amit Sachdeva Analvst +91 22 2268 1240 amit1sachdeva@hsbc.co.in Chloe Wu Analyst + 8862 6631 2866 chloe.c.wu@hsbc.com.tw

North & Latin America

Richard Cathcart Analvst +55 11 2169 4429 richard.cathcart@hsbc.com Stewart Ragar Analyst +55 11 3847 9342 stewart.h.ragar@us.hsbc.com Ruben Couto + 55 11 2169 4615 ruben.c.couto@hsbc.com.br Food & Beverage James Watson Analyst +1 212 525 4905 james.c.watson@us.hsbc.com **Agricultural Products** Alexandre Falcao

alexander.p.falcao@hsbc.com.br

ravijain@us.hsbc.com

+1 212 525 3442 Gustavo Gregori Analyst +55 11 3847 9881

Analyst +55 11 3371 8203

Ravi Jain Analvst

gustavo.h.gregori@hsbc.com.br

Associate + 55 11 210